

WEATHER FORECAST.  
Local thundershowers to-day; to-morrow  
partly cloudy.  
Highest temperature yesterday, 86; lowest, 66.  
Detailed weather reports will be found on editorial page.

VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 302—DAILY.

# THE NEW YORK HERALD

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 1921.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.  
POST OFFICE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

PRICE TWO CENTS

THREE CENTS  
WITHIN 200 MILES  
FOUR CENTS ELSEWHERE.

THE BEST IN ITS HISTORY.  
The New York Herald, with all that was  
best of The Sun intertwined with it, and  
the whole revitalized, is a bigger and better  
and sounder newspaper than ever before.

## EX-SENATOR BROWN COMES TO SPEED UP MEYER COMMITTEE

Gov. Miller Sees Chairman  
in Albany About Trouble  
and Delay in Getting  
Satisfactory Start.

O'MALLEY TALKS OF LIE

Senator Robinson Assumes  
Responsibility for Giving  
Job to an Ex-Convict  
Pledged to Reform.

POLITICIAN NOW BLAMED

Probers' Doorkeeper Explains  
Threat to 'Cut Out Heart'  
if Accused as Being Ex-  
cited Innocent Talk.

Gov. Miller took hold of the Meyer  
Investigating Committee yesterday,  
with the result that in a few hours it  
was evident the State inquiry into the  
Hyman administration would begin to  
speed up.

Senator Schuyler M. Meyer, chair-  
man of the committee, made a quick  
trip to Albany, where he talked with  
Gov. Miller. The Governor was re-  
ported to be displeased with the way  
the committee he endorsed had been  
drifting. State officials who have been  
watching developments are alarmed  
because they fear the committee is  
making a bad start.

Announcement was made that Elton  
R. Brown, chief counsel of the com-  
mittee, had cut short his other State  
litigation in Albany and was prepared  
to take charge of affairs. Mr. Brown  
arrived during the day, stated he was  
ready to give all of his time to the  
work and had a long conference with  
Senator Meyer as soon as the latter  
returned from Albany. It was under-  
stood that Mr. Brown's sudden ac-  
tivity was prompted by the Governor's  
impatience.

Only One Knew Sohr's Record.

The mystery back of the employment  
of Karl Sohr as an investigator for  
the committee was cleared when Sen-  
ator Theodore Douglas Robinson, Re-  
publican member of the committee,  
announced he was fully responsible,  
that he knew the man's prison record  
and was trying to help him because  
he was down and out. Commissioner  
Edwin J. O'Malley protested against  
the presence of Sohr in the Depart-  
ment of Markets and that started the  
trouble.

Commissioner O'Malley passed the lie  
direct to Senator Meyer because of the  
latter's insistence that Sohr had been  
employed as a subpoena server only.  
The Commissioner brought out evi-  
dence to show that Sohr had worked  
in his office for weeks and tried hard  
to get a desk in the office where license  
money, amounting to upward of \$1,000  
a day, was handled. The investigator  
boasted that if he got into the office  
he would "own City Hall," the Com-  
missioner said. That started the in-  
quiry.

Samuel Buchler, Deputy Commissioner  
of Markets, was the one who turned  
up Sohr's record. As a result, Buchler  
complained yesterday to the Commis-  
sioner that a threat had been made  
against him, and the conduct of an-  
other employee of the Meyer committee  
was being investigated.

Max Hirtenstein, a doorman for the  
committee at its office at 38 Park  
Row, went to the office of Mr. Buchler's  
former law partner, Louis Richman,  
also at 38 Park Row, and made the  
threat, according to the Deputy Com-  
missioner's statement. Hirtenstein's  
words, Buchler said, were:

"I threatened to cut out my heart  
and to sell my skin in the streets if  
I did not stop such business."

Hirtenstein was "innocent talk,"  
said the committee, for an explanation  
and admitted having said something  
like that, but insisted it was "excited  
and innocent talk."

Commissioner O'Malley's protest  
against Sohr stirred up a big fuss both  
in the city administration and the com-  
mittee which for the day quite over-  
shadowed all questions of graft investi-  
gating and waste of public funds.

The city officials were laughing because they  
believed they had put the investigators  
in a hole; the Tammany members were  
doing their best to keep the thing alive,  
and undoubtedly there was some ill-  
feeling and concern among the Republicans  
over the incident, although they tried  
to make light of it.

The revised account of Sohr's activi-  
ties, as checked up by Mr. O'Malley, is  
like this: Sohr asked to have his desk  
changed to the license room, and his loose  
talk about a handbook and helping him-  
self in the city money, which was dis-  
puted by the Deputy Commissioner, was  
assumed to find out about Sohr and took  
a desk next to the investigator. Buchler  
told Hirtenstein to Sohr, although the lat-  
ter insisted he was Hungarian. Buchler  
said Sohr told of having learned a me-  
chanic's trade in Auburn in 1902, but  
could not remember the name of the em-  
ployer. The Deputy Commissioner  
jumped a train for Albany and went  
through the prison records. He took  
the file found in Albany to Police  
Headquarters here, and in about five  
minutes Sohr's picture and record were  
turned up in the Rogues' Gallery.

Word came down quickly from Auburn  
that Buchler had been there, despite the  
Meyer committee made a hasty inquiry,  
with the result that Sohr was ousted on  
Friday. The committee prepared a state-  
ment recommending the dismissal of Sohr  
not made public because some one in the  
committee believed it would be unfair to  
Sohr, whose family was said to be in  
France. The statement was suppressed,  
and that gave O'Malley his opportunity.  
A picture was published showing Sohr  
at work at Police Headquarters and  
standing near him was Hirtenstein. That  
made the latter angry and he went to  
Richman's office with his threat to cut

## DE VALERA LIKELY TO ACCEPT LLOYD GEORGE'S INVITATION; ULSTER PREMIER HESITATES

By the Associated Press.

DUBLIN, June 27.—In both official and Sinn Fein circles De  
Valera's acceptance of Mr. Lloyd George's invitation to a  
conference between leaders of the Irish faction and the British Govern-  
ment is regarded probable.

The *Irish Bulletin*, the Daily Eireann's official organ, answering  
intimations in the English press of a division between De Valera and  
the extremists, says no such division ever existed. De Valera him-  
self, it asserts, repeatedly has stated publicly that the national army  
is under control of the national civil government and that the min-  
istry of the Dail Eireann is responsible both for policy and executive  
action.

The announcement made by Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier,  
that he must consult with his Cabinet before replying to the invita-  
tion of Lloyd George has directed attention to the fact that four  
members of De Valera's Cabinet are in jail—the Countess Georgina  
Markievicz, Minister of Labor, and Robert Barton, who are under  
sentence of penal servitude, and Arthur Griffith, founder of the  
Sinn Fein, and Prof. John McNeill, president of the Sinn Fein Volun-  
teers, have been held without charges preferred against them since  
last autumn.

The opinion was expressed in Sinn Fein circles to-day that should  
Sir James Craig's Cabinet consider a general meeting of the northern  
Parliament members desirable, De Valera would make the same claim  
as regards the Dail Eireann and ask for the release of all its im-  
prisoned members.

## WORLD UNITY PLEA VOICED BY BEDFORD

Standard Oil Head Pledges Our  
Money and Blood to Pre-  
serve Civilization.

DOMESTIC ORDER URGED

Speaker Heads Delegation in  
London at International  
Chamber of Commerce.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
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New York Herald Bureau,  
London, June 27.

The prominent fundamental needs  
of the world are the restoration of in-  
ternational peace and of domestic law  
and social order, declared A. C. Bed-  
ford, chairman of the board of the  
Standard Oil Company of New Jersey,  
who heads the American delegation to  
the London conference of the Interna-  
tional Chamber of Commerce. He was  
speaking at the opening session to-day  
in Central Hall, Westminster, and his  
plea for international unity was the  
feature of the proceedings.

Speaking of the war, he said that if  
civilization was threatened again Eu-  
rope could count on the last dollar of  
American money and the last drop of  
American blood. Americans realize  
that they cannot prosper unless the  
world prospers, he continued, but  
called attention to America's limita-  
tions and said she is suffering the most  
acute and widespread financial depres-  
sion in half a century with 3,000,000  
workmen unemployed and many of the  
largest industries shut down.

"The situation has been very grave,"  
Mr. Bedford said. "Those in the best po-  
sition to form conclusions are of the  
opinion that the corner has been turned,  
but let no one believe that conditions in  
America to-day are easy; let no one be-  
lieve that the effort to extend material  
assistance to the world does not mean  
real sacrifice by America."

"We feel we are bringing no American  
message," Mr. Bedford continued, "but  
merely expressing the united judgment  
of the business men of the world in in-  
tervention in the world's affairs. It is  
the profound duty of the practical  
statesmanship of the world."

"Business enterprise within nations  
cannot work out its destiny unless local  
conditions are favorable. The business  
of the world is to indicate the existence  
of any difference in viewpoint between  
our business men and our Government,"  
he said, "but there is a distinct feeling  
in America that the realization of what  
is the profound duty of the practical  
statesmanship of the world."

## BRITISH MINERS REACH AGREEMENT ON WAGES

Plan to Hinge Upon Big Sub-  
sidy by Government.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, June 27.—After a meeting  
between the coal-mining owners and the  
miners held at the Board of Trade to-  
day, a virtual agreement on the wages  
question, the chief cause of the strike in  
the mines, which has been in progress  
since April 9, was reached. The agree-  
ment is subject to the Government  
granting a subsidy to the miners.  
No definite agreement had been  
reached when the adjournment of the sub-  
sidy committee was called for to-  
morrow. The members of the min-  
ers' executive committee say that un-  
less the subsidy is granted a settlement  
of the coal strike is impossible.

FRANCE LEAVES FOR MOSCOW.

By the Associated Press.

BRUSSELS, June 27.—United States Sen-  
ator Joseph L. France left for Riga to-  
night, having received permission to  
enter Russia. He expects to reach Mos-  
cow before the end of the present week.

## PRIMATE DISTRUSTS LLOYD GEORGE'S BID

Cardinal Logue Sees Little  
Good in Proposed Cra-  
ig-De Valera Meeting.

COOTE SCENTS A PLOT

Believes It Is Designed to  
Subjugate Ulster to Dublin  
Parliament.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
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New York Herald Bureau,  
Belfast, June 27.

Cardinal Logue, who would regard any overture from Mr.  
Lloyd George with extreme caution  
and reserve. He did not believe and  
could not see, he said, how a mere  
personal meeting between Eamonn de  
Valera and Sir James Craig could do  
much. He regarded the situation, he  
declared, however, not without a gleam  
of hope, because the British Ministry  
must be directly and completely in-  
volved by the proposal.

The Unionist newspaper *Northern  
Whig* takes exception to Premier Lloyd  
George's attempt "to draw Ulster into a  
conference with the Sinn Fein," declar-  
ing Lloyd George is not treating Sir  
James Craig, the Ulster Premier, fairly  
in asking him to meet with Eamonn de  
Valera.

"What is Ulster to do with De Valera's  
absurd claim that he has set up a re-  
public in the country?" the paper de-  
mands.

The *News Letter* says: "We are dis-  
closing no secrets when we say that this  
invitation for a conference is a sequel  
to the bringing into being of the North-  
ern Parliament. The Sinn Fein has in  
fact taken exception to Premier Lloyd  
George's attempt 'to draw Ulster into a  
conference with the Sinn Fein,' declar-  
ing Lloyd George is not treating Sir  
James Craig, the Ulster Premier, fairly  
in asking him to meet with Eamonn de  
Valera."

"I have believed all along that there  
was a plot to subjugate Ulster to the  
Dublin Parliament. I didn't expect the  
plot to ripen so soon or be presented in  
so clumsy a fashion. Ulster has already  
contributed her quota to the pacification  
of Ireland. She has nothing further to  
barter unless she hands over civil and  
religious freedom. Therefore we say to  
Premier Lloyd George, let Ulster alone  
to develop and defend her place in the  
empire, and you and De Valera do what-  
ever you wish with the remainder of the  
country."

"We are willing to work with all  
Irishmen for our country's good, but  
only as free, self-respecting citizens of  
the British Empire. We decline to ac-  
cept the suggestion that we are to be  
treated as a conquered people, and that  
they have resented of their evil deeds."

LONDON, June 27.—It is still unknown  
whether the conference of Mr. Lloyd George  
and Sir James Craig and Eamonn de Valera  
will be brought about. It also is considered  
extremely unlikely that the Premier's  
overseas dominions now here will  
participate should the conference take  
place.

The *Manchester Guardian* in an edi-  
torial captioned "It Is Business" says  
Premier Lloyd George for the first time  
has taken a definitely practical step  
toward a settlement of the Irish ques-  
tion. The *Guardian* is of the opinion  
that the conference will be largely one  
of the Sinn Fein and Ulster, which,  
it says, makes all the difference, "for it  
cannot be too often repeated that an  
agreement between Irishmen is a key to  
the solution of the Irish problem as a  
whole and this country."

## GOMPERTS TOLD TO SEEK IRELAND'S RECOGNITION

A. F. of L. Orders Protest Sent  
to Lloyd George.

DENVER, June 27.—Organized labor  
will immediately call on President Har-  
ding, his Cabinet and Congress to bring  
about recognition of the Irish Republic  
and will protest to Great Britain against  
the "brutal and uncivilized warfare be-  
ing conducted in Ireland."

## LABOR BOARD CUTS 210 RAIL PAYROLLS ABOUT \$400,000,000

Practically Every Big Road  
in Country Is Granted  
Wage Reduction.

IN EFFECT ON JULY 1

Average of 12 Per Cent. Is  
Maintained, as in Its  
First Decision.

ALL CLASSES INCLUDED

Workers Are Expected to Ac-  
cept Ruling in Referendum  
Vote Being Taken Now.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The United States  
Railroad Labor Board to-day extended  
its wage reduction order, effective  
July 1, to practically every large rail-  
road in the country. No change from  
the average 12 per cent. reduction  
granted to 104 carriers on June 1 was  
made by to-day's decision, which  
covered 210 roads.

To-day's reduction order involved  
practically all classes of employees on  
virtually every railroad known as  
Class 1 carriers which was not in-  
cluded in the board's original reduc-  
tion order. The Class 1 group includes  
every big road in the country. The  
only change in the rates of reduction  
made by to-day's decision was in the  
case of some marine workers.

About one-half of the roads included  
in the decision were parties to the  
original decision, the duplication re-  
sulting from the fact that many roads  
did not include all classes of employees  
in their first petitions for a wage cut.  
All classes of employees have now been  
named in the submission of some of  
the roads, the wage cut, however, ap-  
plying only to those employees of a  
given road which were named in the  
road's submission.

Restaurant Workers Included.

Rates of reduction for several minor  
classes of employees were added to  
the order which was issued as an  
addendum in decision 147, the original  
wage reduction order. Chefs and other  
restaurant workers, dining car em-  
ployees, laundry workers and porters  
were named in added sections of the  
decision. Reductions of 60 per cent. of  
the increase granted to such employees  
since February 23, 1920 (the roads were  
returned to private control by the Rail-  
road Administration on March 1, 1920)  
were directed for these employees.

Added sections covering marine work-  
ers set the monthly rates of pay for  
railroad marine employees in New York,  
Philadelphia, Hampton Roads, New Or-  
leans, Natchez, Miss.; Cairo, Ill.; St.  
Louis, Duluth, Minn., and on the Ten-  
nessee River.

The new wage decision will make a  
reality of the estimated \$400,000,000 an-  
nual savings expected when the board's  
12 per cent. cut, effective July 1, is  
applied.

The new decision will make this cut  
possible by ordering reduced wages for  
employees not included in the original  
decision. The board's decision, which  
also included a total of 154 roads, in-  
cluded in the first petitions for re-  
ductions were not parties to the first  
hearing.

Immediately following the announce-  
ment of the Board's wage cut on June  
27, the board's decision, which also in-  
cluded a total of 154 roads, in-  
cluded in the first petitions for re-  
ductions were not parties to the first  
hearing.

Many of the roads which asked re-  
ductions for only a part of their em-  
ployees at the original hearing in May  
came back with applications to cover  
all employees in these two later hear-  
ings. Virtually every railroad in the  
country affected by the Labor Board's  
\$600,000,000 wage award of July, 1920,  
was included in one or more of the  
three hearings.

Following the 12 per cent. reduction,  
which was generally unsatisfactory to  
the roads, the carriers returned to the  
board with added insistence that the  
1920 wage award be rejected. The board,  
however, was not inclined to  
change its scale of reductions determined  
in the June 1 decision, and merely added  
to that decision employees involved in  
the subsequent hearings.

At the two June hearings the roads,  
for the most part, contented themselves  
with reiterating the evidence presented in  
May. Their arguments consisted chiefly  
of cost of living statistics and com-  
parison of railroad wages with those in  
outside industries. The employees took  
up other factors laid down by the trans-  
action act, but the board's decision, which  
determination of just and reasonable  
wages. Hazards of employment, the  
living wage and similar lines of evidence  
were introduced in an effort to prevent  
any cut in wages.

While no definite returns have been  
announced from the referendum being  
taken by all the railway unions on  
acceptance of the board's decision, it  
was expected that conference after  
conference here on July 1 would agree to  
accept the board's decision without any  
interruption of traffic.

## Discovering a Rare Business Opportunity

A great number of people carefully follow the  
"Business Opportunities" on the Want Ad Page  
of The New York Herald. These small ads often  
lead the way to most successful business deals.  
A rigid censorship is maintained and no doubtful  
propositions are acceptable.

THE NEW YORK HERALD  
TELEPHONE CHELSEA 4000

## 13,450,000 Francs in Bets Beat Grand Prix Records

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
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New York Herald Bureau,  
Paris, June 27.

NEARLY 750,000 francs was  
added to France's poor fund  
as a result of Sunday's race for  
the Grand Prix. It was an-  
nounced that the pari mutuel  
wagers at the big race alone  
totalled 13,450,000 francs, ex-  
ceeding all previous records. Of  
this the owner of the winner gets  
slightly more than 500,000  
francs. The five other races  
averaged slightly more than  
1,000,000 francs in wagers,  
bringing the day's total of bet-  
ting with the paid admissions  
near to the 20,000,000 mark.

For the first time in the his-  
tory of the Grand Prix the 1,000  
franc booths were swamped with  
bets, British backers taking ad-  
vantage of the exchange rates to  
plunge on their favorite. It is  
estimated that at least another  
2,000,000 francs in wagers did  
not succeed in reaching the  
booths before the gong sounded.

## STATE WILL OPPOSE MOVE TO STOP FIGHT

Jersey Governor and Attorney-  
General See No Reason for  
Reform Interference.

HOWARD FAILS TO ACT

New Effort to Prevent Dem-  
psey-Carpentier Contest Meets  
Check—No Violation.

Clinton N. Howard, secretary of the  
International Reform Bureau, left At-  
lantic City early yesterday morning to  
go to Trenton and ask for an injunc-  
tion to stop the Dempsey-Carpentier  
fight in Jersey City on July 2, but up  
to late last night he had not appeared  
in the New Jersey capital and no ef-  
fort had been made to obtain a re-  
straining order. In Trenton last night  
it was stated that Chancellor Walker,  
to whom Howard had said he would  
apply, had seen nothing of him and  
had received no word from him re-  
garding an injunction.

J. A. Lusk, Assistant Attorney-  
General of New Jersey, and counsel for  
the State Boxing Commission, said that  
if Howard appeared and made an ap-  
plication for an injunction he was pre-  
pared to fight the move in behalf of  
the State and the commission. He de-  
clared that he would oppose any efforts to  
interfere with the commission's activities  
so long as the activities are conducted  
according to law. A similar statement  
was made by Gov. Edwards, who de-  
clared that the bout between Dempsey  
and Carpentier is permitted by the  
State boxing law and that it would be  
held.

"There is no cause in law in which  
to stop the match," said the Governor.  
"I don't know what Mr. Howard may  
have up his sleeve, but the bout will be  
conducted strictly according to the  
State laws."

A new effort to stop the fight was  
made yesterday when the Rev. James  
Parker of the Second United Presby-  
terian Church in Jersey City called on  
Prosecutor Pierre P. Garven of Hudson  
County and asked that the fight be pro-  
hibited on the ground that it violated  
the New Jersey crimes act. He de-  
clared that it would be a prize fight and  
not a boxing exhibition such as are  
sanctioned by the New Jersey Boxing  
Commission.

"It would clearly be illegal for the  
referee to give a decision at the match,"  
said Mr. Garven, "and there will not be  
any decision. If the law is violated at  
Saturday's bouts in Jersey City those  
responsible will be called to account. I  
see no reason to interfere. I believe  
the law will be observed."

Tex Rickard, promoter of the bout,  
said yesterday that he considered Mr.  
Howard's statement regarding an in-  
junction nothing but a play for pub-  
licity. He said there is no intention  
of trying to show pictures of the fight in  
the United States and that there is no  
law to prevent them being shipped from  
Jersey City to Europe for exhibition  
there.

## GERMANS CAPTURE RED AFTER AIRPLANE PLANS

Assert That He Wanted Them  
for Moscow Works.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
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New York Herald Bureau,  
Berlin, June 27.

A young German Communist has been  
caught in an effort to steal airplane con-  
struction plans from the Bavarian air-  
craft works. It is charged that he was  
attempting to steal the plans for the  
construction of a new type of airplane.  
When caught the young Communist,  
who said he was a mechanic named  
Stahl, was found to have in his posses-  
sion 1,000 aviation motor plans, valued  
at several million marks, which had  
been ordered by the Soviet Government.

12 YEARS FOR NAVY MURDER.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—Raymond Gill  
Elmira, recently convicted in the Federal  
Court here for the killing of Samuel U.  
Diamond of Brooklyn on board the  
cruiser Columbia, in Guantanamo Bay  
last March, was to-day sentenced to  
twelve years in the Atlanta penitentiary.

## ANTI-BEER MEASURE PASSED IN HOUSE BY VOTE OF 250 TO 93

First Volstead Law Amend-  
ment Carries Many New  
Restrictions.

DEBATE IS STORMY

Lie Is Passed and Hill Re-  
fers to Wheeler as  
'\$50,000 Attorney.'

SENATE PASSAGE SURE

Sixty-four Republicans and 28  
Democrats Vote Against  
Measure.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau,  
Washington, D. C., June 27.

The House to-day passed the first  
amendment to the Volstead law when  
it approved legislation to stop the  
"beer leak" found in the original  
measure by former Attorney-General  
Palmer. The measure, introduced in  
the Senate by Senator Willis (Ohio)  
and in the House by Representative  
Campbell (Kan.), absolutely prohibits  
the prescription of beer as medicine,  
which Mr. Palmer ruled was permis-  
sible under the Volstead law.

The vote was 250 to 93. Under the  
parliamentary situation a two-thirds  
majority was required for passage.  
The vote was the first test of prohibi-  
tion strength in the House this session  
and indicates that the dry majority is  
slightly larger than ever. The bill now  
goes to the Senate, which is expected  
to pass it this week.

In addition to prohibiting medicinal  
beer, the bill gives to the prohibition  
commissioner power to limit whiskey  
prescriptions to 100 every 90 days and  
to stop manufacture and importation  
of any intoxicating liquors until the  
supply in this country held under Gov-  
ernment supervision for non-beverage  
uses is exhausted. Residents of the  
Virgin Islands and Hawaii also will  
be brought under prohibition by the  
bill.

The 93 Against Bill.

Republicans voting against the bill  
were:

Ascher.	McLaughlin.
Bacharach.	Pennington.
Beck.	MacGregor.
Bridges.	McNary.
Britton.	Magee.
Burdick.	Maloney.
Burns.	Martin.
Chandler (N. Y.).	Miller.
Clason.	Morris.
Connelly (Pa.).	Mullins.
Curry.	Newton (Mo.).
Davis (N. Minn.).	O'Brien.
Dyer.	Ogden.
Fairchild.	Oliver.
Fenn.	Parsons (N. J.).
Freeman.	Porter.
Gilbert.	Randall.
Graham.	Reber.
Hill.	Robinson.
Hughes.	Rosenberg.
Hunt.	Rogers.
Jeffries.	Ryan.
Kahn.	Stafford.
Kelley.	Stell.
Kennedy.	Tamm (N. J.).
Kilgus.	Tinkham.
Kilpatrick.	Tracy.
Kilne (N. Y.).	Volstead.
Lampert.	Volk.
Lee (N. Y.).	Wald (N. Y.).
Leibach.	Watson.
Longworth.	Wright (N. Y.).
	Total—93.

DEMOCRATS—AGAINST.

Campbell (Pa.).

Carew.

 Cochran. |

Cullen. |

Deal. |

DeLoach. |

Gallivan. |

Griffin. |

Hardy (Tex.). |

Hawes. |

Humphreys. |

Kindred. |

Kuntz. |

Lea (Cal.). |